

# Review Ch.3&4

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## PREC 11 - Chapter 3-4 Notes Booklet

PREC 11

Review for Ch.3 & 4 Quadratics

### Algebra Review:

1. Simplify

$$\begin{aligned} \text{a. } & 3(2x-7) - 4(x-1) \\ & = 6x-21-4x+4 \\ & = 2x-17 \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{c. } (4x-3)(x+7)$$

$$= 4x^2 + 25x - 21$$

2. Factor fully.

$$\text{a. } 3xy - 8x^2y$$

$$\text{GCF} = xy$$

$$= xy(3 - 8x)$$

$$\text{b. } 5x(3x-2)$$

$$= 15x^2 - 10x$$

$$\text{d. } (5x-4)^2 - (x+2)(x-6)$$

$$\begin{aligned} & = (5x-4)(5x-4) - (x+2)(x-6) \\ & = 25x^2 - 20x - 20x + 16 - (x^2 - 6x + 2x - 12) \\ & = 25x^2 - 40x + 16 - (x^2 - 4x - 12) \\ & = 25x^2 - 40x + 16 - x^2 + 4x + 12 \\ & = 24x^2 - 36x + 28 \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{b. } x^2 - 13x + 12$$

$$\begin{aligned} & = x^2 - 1x - 12x + 12 \\ & = x(\underline{x-1}) - 12(\underline{x-1}) \\ & = (x-1)(x-12) \end{aligned}$$

1	12	-1	-12
2	6	-2	-6
3	4	-3	-4
4	3	-4	-3
6	2	-6	-2
12	1	-12	-1

$$\begin{aligned} \text{c. } & 4a^2 - 9b^2 \\ & \quad \diagup \quad \diagdown \\ & \quad 2a \times 2a \quad 3b \times 3b \\ & = (2a+3b)(2a-3b) \\ & \rightarrow 4a^2 + 0ab - 9b^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{d. } 8r^2 + 20r + 8$$

$$\begin{aligned} & = 4(2r^2 + 5r + 2) \quad \overbrace{\quad \quad \quad}^{2 \times 2 = 4} \\ & = 4(2r^2 + 1r + 4r + 2) \quad \overbrace{\quad \quad \quad}^{1 \quad 4 \quad 5} \\ & = 4(r(2r+1) + 2(2r+1)) \quad \overbrace{\quad \quad \quad}^{2 \quad 2} \\ & = 4(2r+1)(r+2) \quad \overbrace{\quad \quad \quad}^{-2 \quad -2} \end{aligned}$$

3. Solve for  $x$

a.  $19 - 2(x + 3) = 1$

$$\begin{aligned} 19 - \underline{2x} - \underline{6} &= 1 \\ -2x + 13 &= 1 \end{aligned}$$

$$x = 6$$

$$-2x + 19 - 6 = 1$$

b.  $(4x + 3)(x - 1) = (2x - 1)(2x + 1)$

$$\begin{aligned} 4x^2 - 4x + 3x - 3 &= 4x^2 + 2x - 2x - 1 \\ 4x^2 - x - 3 &= 4x^2 \\ -x - 3 &= 0 \\ x &= -3 \end{aligned}$$

#### Linear Equations Review:

4. Use the graph to answer the following:

a. What is the  $y$ -intercept?

$$y\text{-int} = 1 \quad (0, 1)$$

b. What is the slope of the line?

$$\frac{\text{Rise}}{\text{Run}} = \frac{-3}{1} = -3$$

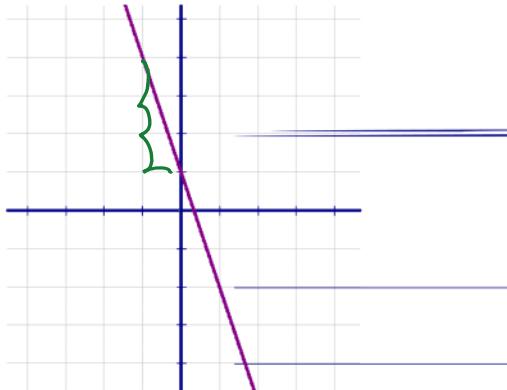
c. What is the equation of the line in the form  $y = mx + b$ ?

$$y = -3x + 1$$

d. What is the  $x$ -intercept? plug 0 into  $y$ .

$$0 = -3x + 1$$

$$\frac{1}{3} = x$$



5. Determine the equation of a line that satisfies the following conditions. Leave the answer in the form  $Ax + By + C = 0$ .

- a. The line has slope  $-\frac{2}{3}$  and a y-intercept of 5.

$$3x \left( y = -\frac{2}{3}x + 5 \right)$$

- b. The line passes through the points  $(2, 3)$  and  $(-4, 9)$ .

$$\text{slope } \frac{x_2 - x_1}{y_2 - y_1} = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} = \frac{9 - 3}{-4 - 2} = \frac{6}{-6} = -1$$

$$y = -1x + b$$

$$2x + 3y - 15 = 0$$

$$3 = -1(2) + b$$

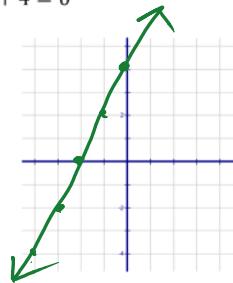
$$3 = -2 + b$$

$$5 = b \quad \boxed{2x + 3y - 15 = 0}$$

$$y = -x + 5$$

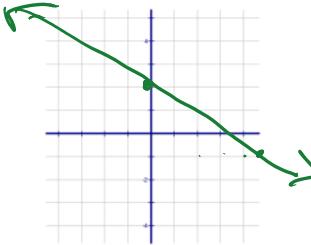
6. Sketch a graph of the following:

- a.  $2x - y + 4 = 0$



$$y = 2x + 4$$

- b.  $3x + 5y = 10$



$$y = -\frac{3}{5}x + 2$$